



# Annual Progress Report 2010-2011

**ADARSH SHIKSHA SAMITI**

**PATELWADA, WARD NO. 7, SALUMBER, DISTRICT –UDAIPUR (Raj.)**

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#### **D) About the organization:**

Adarsh Shiksha Samiti is working for more than past 2 decades for the welfare and development of those people who are marginalized and deprived. It was established in 14Aug.1989 with an aim of facilitating human development in a sustainable & integrated manner & also alleviation of human suffering & all round amelioration of social especially for the poor, helpless & weaker sections of the society. The organization provides education to the people and helps them to develop moral values; helps to uplift the status of women in the society & works for mother and child health care. The organization also works for rural development, against dowry & victimization of girl/woman as well as for senior citizens; provides family counseling as well as vocational training for youth & awareness on HIV/AIDS prevention.

Principally the organization's activities stand on the pillars of community mobilization and capacity building of the village level institutions to increase sense of ownership for the resources.

#### **Vision:**

"An equal and just society where the vulnerable and marginalized section of the society effectively participate in the social development process leading to control over their resources".

#### **Mission:**

"To work towards the promotion of gender equity and social justice amongst the vulnerable to strengthen effective articulation of their needs and gaining access and control over their resources".

#### **Objectives:**

- The organization is committed to work towards the achievement of following objectives:
- To promote health and nutritional behavior changes in the community with a special focus on vulnerable sections of the society.
- To mobilize youth and women groups for taking up income generation and micro credit activities.
- Sensitization of women and other vulnerable section of the society towards their basic rights and equity in person.
- To provide a common platform to tribal women to share issues and concerns with the policy makers.
- To facilitate the tribal's particularly the women to understand the process and importance of local self-governance and enhancing their active participation.
- To initiate research and advocacy with the policy makers on issues, which are of primary concern to the tribal and others, marginalized sections of the society.

#### **Registration Details:**

- According to the act of Rajasthan society 1958 the registration no. 38/1989-90 date-14 Aug. 1989
- According to income tax act 1961 section 12-A the reg. No. Aa. Aa /Udaipur/ Judicial /2007-2008/441/ date13.06.07 the reg. No. 13/9 11 July2001.
- According to income tax act 1961 section 80 -G the reg. No. Aa. Aa /Udaipur/ Judicial /2010-2011/1106/ date 27.07.10
- According to Foreign contribution regulation act 1976 reg. No. 125690073 date 27 July

2004

## II) The work area:

The working area of the organization is Salumber, Bhindar and Dhariyawad blocks of Udaipur, Kherwada and Aaspur of Dungarpur district and Pipalkhoot, Anandpuri of Banswara. Recurrent droughts, poor resource base for economic development, per capita higher cost of development due to desert areas with very low density of population, low levels of literacy particularly among women, a very high rate of population growth and scarcity of water make the task of socio economic development a formidable one as compared to many other States in the country. The climate of Rajasthan State varies from arid to sub-humid. To the west of the Aravalli range, the climate is characterized by low rainfall with erratic distribution, extremes of diurnal and annual temperatures, low humidity and high wind velocity. The climate is semi-arid to sub-humid in the east of the Aravalli range, characterized by more or less the same extremes in temperatures but relatively lower wind velocity and high humidity with better rainfall. The entire state is characterized by hyperthermic conditions.

The major challenges are -

### Poverty:

- Extremely small or no landholdings per family
- Lack of scientific and improved agricultural techniques
- lack of alternative sources of livelihood
- Lack of awareness
- Low literacy rate

### Status of Women:

- The women work harder and the family economy and management depends largely on her.
- The low educational status of women is reflected in their lower literacy rate and awareness level
- No decision making power
- No say in social or political matters

### Health Status:

- Lack of health service facility
- Lack of safe and clean drinking water
- Low nutritional status
- Lack of immunization of pregnant women, lactating mothers and infants
- Higher fertility rate in women due to reduced number of people opting for family planning methods
- More vulnerability to serious diseases

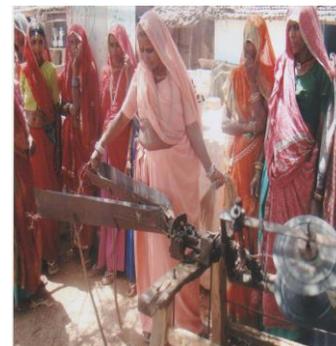
Women occupy a secondary status and are easily susceptible to physical, social, economic and political exploitation. They have no decision making power, at the same time they are refrained from occupying any powerful post. Besides this they also do not have any property rights. Women have extensive workloads with dual responsibility for farm and household production. Lack of proper health services (one lady doctor for 91,000 women) has resulted in high incidence of several serious diseases among women, lack of immunization, lack of safe delivery facility etc. and hence high mortality rate. Lack of safe and clean drinking water has also posed a serious threat to the community.

One of the biggest challenges facing development practitioners and policy-makers today is how they can assist these people to have a meaningful livelihood which sustains them and ensures they can live with dignity and hope for the future.

### III) Activities and Achievements:

#### 1. Empowerment of Rural people by Self Help Group under SGSY:

The objective was to bring the assisted poor families above the Poverty Line by ensuring appreciable sustained level of income over a period of time. This objective was to be achieved by inter alia organizing the rural poor into Self Help Groups (SHGs) through the process of social mobilization, their training and capacity building and provision of income generating assets.



Adarsh organized and strengthened 450 SHGs in 3 blocks. The SHG approach helped the poor to build their self-confidence through community action. Interactions in group meetings and collective decision making enabled them in identification and prioritization of their needs and resources.

#### SHG Formation and Credit Linkage:

Block	Total organized Group	1 <sup>st</sup> Grading	Revolving Fund	Grant	2 <sup>nd</sup> Grading	Loan	Grant
Salumber (Udaipur)	245	208	49.50Lac	11.87Lac	176	4.40 Cr	17.60Lac
Gadhi (Banswara)	123	88	22.00Lac	4.74Lac	16	32.50Lac	13.00Lac
Anandpuri (Banswara)	85	75	11.31Lac	3.37Lac	3	9.00Lac	3.20Lac

With a broad view to strengthen and enable socio-economic empowerment of the rural poor as well as improve their collective bargaining power Adarsh covered several aspects of self-



Employment of the rural poor viz. organization of the poor into Self Help Groups (SHGs) and

their capacity building, through following SHG trainings/educational tours under the SGSY scheme –

Type of training	No. of trainings	Topics covered	Area covered	Benificries
Skill training	12	Artificial Jewelry, Handicraft Item, Beauty parlor, Surf-Soap making, Tailoring, Dairy & Goatry ,Vegetables Production, Jhadu Making	Salumber(Udaipur) and Anandpuri & Gadhi (Banswara)	344
BOP training	16	SGSY concept, formation, Meetings, Book keeping,	Salumber (Udaipur)	3229
SHG exposure visit	1	Dairy, Thread mill, Artificial Jewelry, Bangle market	Anandpuri (Banswara)	56

It was reported that there has been a major shift in the physical environment because of men and women are not only working together but there is increased participation of women. The main aim of Adarsh Shiksha Samiti is to empower the lower class women.

#### Impact on Empowerment:

Type of Indicator	Level at which impact on empowerment has been assessed
Economic	453 SHG of 3983women linked with micro credit increase in income of 1950 people skill development of 556 people
Social	increase in self-confidence of 5583 women & men



#### Basic Orientation Programme of first grading 's SHGs as follows:

Sr.no.	Date	Training Venue	Total Groups	Participants
1	24 Mar.10	Salumber	25	233
2	22 Mar.10	Dagar	25	198
3	28 Dec.10	Baroda	25	223
4	7-8 March10	Anandpuri	4	43
5	9-10 March10	Anandpuri	4	44
6	11-12 Mar.10	Anandpuri	4	45
7	14-15 Mar.10	Anandpuri	4	44
8	16-17 Mar.10	Anandpuri	4	44

9	26 Mar.10	Karavali	25	223
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## 2. Distribution of Tool Kit:

Members of 17 self help group were provided monthly sewing work and sewing machine, toolkit, books related to swing were distributed to all trainers and cheque of Rs.99000 were also distributed to the self help group.

## 3. Empowerment of eligible BPL families under SJSRY scheme:

Adarsh Shiksha Samiti Salumber organized income generation programmes for B.P.L. Families under SJSRY scheme. 17 eligible identified RCV from BPL families were provided training to set up setup self employment ventures in different trades.

Type of training	No.	Topics covered	Area covered	Date	Members
RCV training	1	RCVs Concept Meetings ,SJSRY, JSY for BPL families	Sagwara (Dungarpur)	30 Mar.10	14
RCV training	1	RCVs Concept, Meetings ,SJSRY, JSY, Yojana for BPL families	Sagwara (Dungarpur)	31 Mar.10	14

The aim of this training was to increase the talent, to provide a stage for sharing or exchange of knowledge, stability in market, stabilization of small house industries in very far away area and to improve women financial condition and less dependency on men. This programme relied upon the creation of suitable community structures. The delivery of inputs under this programme was through the medium of such community structures. It was seen that the SHG members are comparatively poor and have invested only the micro credit amounts in their enterprises and that most of the activities are new ones. The returns from these are meager and irregular.

## 4. Contribution of Adarsh Shiksha Samiti in the Field of Education:

Adarsh realizes that the root cause of illiteracy is the lack of awareness and information. The rural poor send their children for goat grazing or do other types of work; hence the children are deprived of mainstream education.

## 5. Student Enrollment in the School:

In 1989 Adarsh launched a primary school at Seriya in Salumber namely Adarsh Shiksha Mandir with opening of this school 50 student got the opportunity of admission in this school. In 2010-2011 the strength of student has reached approximately to 167. Likewise in Salumber also a school is being run by the ADARSH.

Study material was distributed in the reported financial year, to 47 students (boys and girls) who are linked with government, other upper primary & primary school and poor student get it from the amount of the donation.

On Going School	Boys enrolled	Girls enrolled
Adarsh Shiksha Mandir Primary school , Seriya	15	13
Adarsh Shiksha Mandir Girls Up. Pr. school school, Salumber	29	22

## 6. Gram Shree Mela:

It is the third consecutive time when the GRAM SHREE MELA was organized by the district committee (Rural Development Sector) for exhibition and selling the product of SHG in Swarna Jayanti Gram Swarojgar Yojna at Panchayat Raj Samiti Salumber.



The organization scheduled 3 days “Gram Shree Mela” at Dhariyawad (Pratapgarh) and Jhalara (Udaipur).

The detail of the Gram Shree Mela is as follows:

Sr.no	Date	Total Participant	Location
1	5 Oct.to7 Oct .2010	19000 Approx.	Jhalara (Udaipur)
2	5 Dec.to7 Dec.2010	23000 Approx.	Dhariyawad(Pratapgarh)

The self help group of all the Panchayat committee and local Panchayat committee arranged their self manufacture things for selling like pickles, soap, surf, aromatic sticks, mud utensils, sherbet etc. At the same time programmes were also organized for the entertainment of people, like Bhawani Dolar, Chakri, Nukkad Natak, dance on glass, 13 beat dance, Matki dance, songs related to protection of society, awareness of Panchayati Raj, Health education, Restriction on drink, killing of girl child etc was shared through the medium of drama. The cultural program was presented by Raj kala center, Udaipur.

#### 7. SHG Members Exposures under SGSY



#### 8. Gram Sabha Chalo Abhiyan:

It is not only our right but also our duty that we should go in our Gram Sabha of Panchayat and discuss our problems, put forth the proposal for the development of the community, discuss on social problem and try for their solution. Adarsh continued with its Panchayat and women empowerment program initiated in 2010 with a view to ensure active participation of women. Arrangement of government arrangements is playing an important role in development of villages.

The programme has resulted in increased awareness of the people. Up till now, 48 Gram Panchayat have picked up the GRAM SABHA CHALO ABHIYAN. It was observed that Women's participation is now recognized universally as a crucial element in augmenting the cost effectiveness of any plan for socio-economic progress. Earlier the members remarked that their participation in the political process was almost negligible. Though the members in SHG groups attended the gram Sabha, some of them felt that there was no use in attending,

as the major share of the Panchayat funds went to politically affiliated persons. Others who attended the gram Sabha at the initiative of the group leaders said that they merely sat as spectators. In view of such a scenario, Adarsh took take efforts to see that members participate in gram Sabha and raise voice for their needs.

In these Gram Sabah's different schemes of Government like Aanganwadi workers, Asha Sahyogini and selection of assistant, B.P.L. Selection procedure and information of Self Help Group, cottage industries and preparation of five year plans were discussed.

#### **9. Awareness Programme on local self governance:**

In rural area not only the problem of improvement in communication sources but also public have no knowledge of new Act. Adarsh organized panchayat level meetings. Awareness for Panchayat in rural men and women, role in Panchayat of women, participation of people in ward and Gram Sabha etc. were subject of these meetings.

#### **10. Micro Insurance Policy:**

In concurrence with the Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) and Birla Sun life, Adarsh Shiksha Samiti has started a micro insurance policy plan for the family of the rural area 247 people took the LIC policy while 476 took the Birla sun life policy.

#### **11. Micro Finance Help Life Living Plan:**

The starting of (micro finance) MFI has been inspired by the Axis services of development of Udaipur for public committees living life of rural people in 2008 Salumber by Adarsh Shiksha Samiti and group of milkmen, grocery businessmen, tea, vegetables, bangle store, auto driver were organized by the help of trained worker in this field. The product business development plan, action plan, and stationary was been planned by the organization with the help of Axis team. The details are given below:

S.NO.	JLG	Members	Total	Distribution of Loan till March	Recovery Amount (Rs.)	Outstanding Amount (Rs.)
1	67	196 F	51	247	4.30Lac	2.75

It was observed that social empowerment through Micro Finance is a gradual process, which would take place only when the functioning of the group becomes sustainable.

#### **12. Plus Polio Programme:**

Adarsh actively participated in the National Pulls Polio program. There are 10 workers of organization who helped in giving polio dose in Salumber. Second day and third day polio team checked medicine by surveying door to door and gave the systematic information of polio medicines. On fourth day mark was noted on the children's fingers in all streets and area. Fifth day again home visits were done and the report was given to related officers for improve the weak point of this program.

#### **13. VHSC Quality Assurance Programme:**

The concept of Quality health services is gaining wider acceptance among the health professionals. Major efforts are under way to improve the quality of services. Adarsh initiated an effort to ensure quality healthcare services in Salumber and Kherwada blocks through 2 days orientation training programmes. Under this programme, 237 Asha and PRIs were provided training on Quality Assurance Programme.



#### 14. SHPI Programme:

Adarsh undertook the Self-Help Promoting Institutions (SHPIs) supported by the NABARD due to the urge to help the underprivileged people of society. The key objective was to provide various financial services, empower people socially and support them in accessing various government programmes and incentives. In order to solve the economic and social problems of the poor and particularly that of women in the villages, Adarsh formed 34 SHGs to support microfinance programmes as a key instrument of empowerment and alleviation of poverty. Out of these 1 (one) successful credit linkage was done.

#### IV) Visitors to the organization:

Yearly the officers from the government development and different agencies came for examining the programmes. They participated in various function and gave suggestion for the improvement and progress of that type of program.

#### V) Our Managing Team:

S.no	Name of the member	Address	Designation
1	Mr.Purandas Vaishnav	Patelwara ,Salumber	President
2	Mr. Mahendra Paneri	Nearby mantri bhawan , Salumber	Vice president
3	Mr.Mukesh Gancha	Gancha maholla, Salumber	Treasurer
4	Mr.Kishanlal ji Sain	Patelwara ,Salumber	Secretary
5	Smt. Viddhya devi	Near by Shivpuri temple, Intalkheda	Manager
6	Mr. Hemendra Patel	Patelwada,Salumber	Assistant Secretary
7	Mr.Laluram Nai	Bohrawadi Salumber	Member
8	Mr.Padamlal	Ghati ,Chiboda	Member
9	Mr.Dashrath Patel	Patelwara ,Salumber	Member
10	Smt. Lalibai	Isarwas tapran	Member
11	Smt. Dangibai	Isarwas tapran	Member

#### VI) Future Planning:

The organization had stronger identification and people are aware by the help of small program. Now people are worried about the future of organization and they want to make this organization like an ideal organization. A Project proposal on Livelihood enhancement in Salumber is in pipeline for funding request. Another proposal on health education is put forth for funding. Recently a project on rural business hubs has been sanction for Banswara region.

**In this way future planning is done by the help of some point as follows:**

- Stabilization of Animal husbandry.**
- Publication of fortnight talent magazine.**
- Stabilization of old houses, women and child home.**
- Stabilization of women representative and empowerment of Panchayat.**
- Adoption of 10 backward villages.**
- Organizing treatment for tuberculosis.**
- Empowerment of self help group and manufacturing of cluster.**
- Stabilization of small and cottage industries by the help of Micro Finance.**
- Stabilize a Government facilities market.**
- Income sources by dairy and animal husbandry.**
- Give the motivation to organic agriculture works.**
- To build an Aadarsh training centre.**
- Stabilization of hospital facilitated by all treatment.**